








# Material Safety Data Sheet

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Personal protective equipment
 	Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).	  

## Section 1. Product and Company Identification

<b>Product name / Trade name</b>	<b>Solvent Naphtha</b>	<b>Associated Product's Item Code</b>	<b>SOLV NAPH</b>
<b>Synonym</b>	Petroleum Distillate	<b>CAS #</b>	64742-49-0
<b>Chemical family</b>	Solvent.	<b>Validation date</b>	2/13/2009.
<b>Chemical formula</b>	Not available.	<b>Print date</b>	2/13/2009.
<b>Manufacturer</b>	Recochem Inc. 850 Montee de Liesse Montreal, Quebec H4T 1P4 (514) 341-3550 www.recochem.com	<b>In case of emergency</b>	Recochem Inc. Communications and Regulatory Affairs Department (905) 791-1788
<b>Material uses</b>	Consumer products: Solvent and thinner for paint, varnishes and other oil based coating systems.		

## Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>Emergency Overview</b>	WARNING ! FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. Flammable liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.
<b>Potential Acute Health Effects</b>	<b>See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.</b>  This product may irritate eyes and skin upon contact. Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering, and itching. Skin inflammation is characterized by itching, scaling, reddening. Ingestion can cause burning sensation, vomiting, drowsiness and in severe cases pulmonary edema. Inhalation of excessive amounts may result in impairment, such as drowsiness, lack of coordination, headache and nausea.
<b>Note to Physician</b>	Not available.

## Section 3. Composition, information on ingredients

<b>Canada</b>		
<b>Name</b>	<b>CAS number</b>	<b>%</b>
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	100
There are no ingredients or additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.		

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**Section 4. First aid measures**

<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 60 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
<b>Notes to physician</b>	No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Section 5. Fire fighting measures**

<b>Products of combustion</b>	No specific data.
<b>Fire-fighting media and instructions</b>	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
<b>Fire Hazards</b>	Vapor may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.
<b>Explosion Hazards</b>	Vapours may travel along ground and flashback along vapour trail.

**Section 6. Accidental release measures**

<b>Small spill and leak</b>	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
<b>Large spill and leak</b>	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

**Section 7. Handling and Storage**

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**Handling** Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Storage** Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls, personal protection

**Engineering controls** Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Personal protection

**Eyes** Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.  
Recommended: splash goggles

**Body** Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory** Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Hands** Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.  
>8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber

#### Product name

#### Exposure limits

##### Canada

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

##### **ACGIH TLV (United States, 2003).**

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s).

TWA: 525 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

##### **ACGIH TLV (United States, 2006). Notes: Manufacturer's recommendation**

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hour(s).

##### United States

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

##### **ACGIH TLV (United States, 2003).**

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hour(s).

TWA: 525 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

##### **OSHA (United States, 2003).**

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s).

TWA: 2900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

##### **ACGIH TLV (United States, 2006). Notes: Manufacturer's recommendation**

TWA: 300 ppm 8 hour(s).

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**Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

<b>Physical State and Appearance</b>	Liquid.	<b>Odour</b>	Petroleum distillates [Slight]
<b>Molecular weight</b>	114 g/mole	<b>Taste</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.	<b>Colour</b>	Colourless.
<b>Boiling/condensation point</b>	116 to 144°C (240.8 to 291.2°F)	<b>Volatility</b>	100% (v/v). 100% (w/w).
<b>Melting/freezing point</b>	<-62°C (<-79.6°F)	<b>Evaporation rate</b>	1.2 (Butyl acetate. = 1)
<b>Relative density</b>	0.74 to 0.76	<b>Odour Threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapour Pressure</b>	2.3 kPa (17.25 mm Hg)	<b>Viscosity</b>	Kinematic: 0.0083 cm <sup>2</sup> /s (0.83 cSt)
<b>Vapour Density</b>	3.9 [Air = 1]	<b>Solubility</b>	Easily soluble in the following materials: diethyl ether, n-octanol. Insoluble in the following materials: water, methanol.
<b>VOC Content</b>	740 to 760 (g/l).	<b>Other Properties</b>	Not available.

**The product is:** May be combustible at high temperature.

**Auto-ignition temperature** 250°C (482°F)

**Flash Point** Closed cup: 7°C (44.6°F) [Tagliabue.]

**Flammable limits** Lower: 1.3%  
Upper: 10.2%

**Fire hazards in the presence of various substances** Flammable in the presence of open flames, sparks and static discharge, of heat.

**Section 10. Stability and reactivity**

**Stability** The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions of instability** Not available.

**Incompatibility with various substances** Reactive with oxidizing agents.

**Hazardous decomposition products** Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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**Section 11. Toxicological Information****Canada****Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Chronic toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Section 12. Ecological information**

For accidental discharges into the environment, see Section 6: "Accidental Release Measures" for suggested instructions.

**Environmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Canada****Aquatic ecotoxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Biodegradability**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Section 13. Disposal considerations**

**Waste information** The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.**

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**Section 14. Transport information**

<b>Canada TDG Classification</b>		
<b>Class</b>	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
<b>Subsidiary class</b>	-	
<b>Proper Shipping Name (Canada) TDG</b>	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1268	
<b>Packing Group</b>	II	
<b>Special provisions</b>	Not available.	
<b>IMDG Classification</b>		 <small>No placard (handling and hazard label) required</small>
<b>Class</b>	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
<b>Subsidiary class</b>	-	
<b>Proper Shipping Name IMDG</b>	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1268	
<b>Packing Group</b>	II	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Not a pollutant.	
<b>Special provisions</b>	No additional remark.	
<b>United States DOT (Classification)</b>		
<b>Class</b>	Class 3: Flammable liquid.	
<b>Subsidiary class</b>	-	
<b>Proper Shipping Name (United States) DOT</b>	PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light)	
<b>UN number</b>	UN 1268	
<b>Packing Group</b>	II	
<b>Special provisions</b>	In containers of 1 L (1Kg) this product is qualified as a "consumer commodity" ORM-D under DOT	
<b>International Air Transport Association (IATA)</b>	For air shipment classification and associated regulations, please refer to the latest edition of IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.	

**Section 15. Regulatory information**

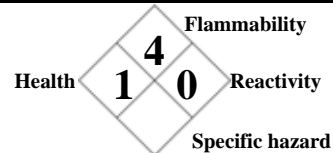
<b>WHMIS Classification (Canada)</b>	Class B-2: Flammable liquid Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).	
<b>Canada Domestic Substances List (DSL) Status</b>	This product and/ or all of its components are on the DSL.	
<b>HCS Classification (U.S.A.)</b>	Flammable liquid	
<b>U.S.A. Regulatory Lists</b>	This product and/ or all of its components are on the TSCA inventory list.	

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**Hazardous Material  
Information System  
(U.S.A.)**

Health	1
Flammability	4
Reactivity	0
Personal protection	G

**National Fire  
Protection  
Association  
(U.S.A.)**

**Section 16. Other information**

Validated and verified by Compliance and Technical Information Manager on 2/13/2009 ph.# 905-791-1788.

Printed 2/13/2009.

**Notice to reader**

*To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.*

*Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.*

**MSDS are available at [www.recochem.com](http://www.recochem.com)**